MODEL LESSON PLAN - HISTORY

Name of the Student Teacher : x xxxxxxxx

Name of the Guide Teacher : x xxxxxxxxx, M.A., B.Ed.

Name of the School : St. Charles Hr. Sec. School, Thirunagar, Madurai.

Date :

Class / Sec : IX 'B'

Subject : Social Science - History

Unit / Chapter : II

Topic : Ancient Civilisations

Time : 40 minutes

Instructional Objectives:

The Student,

- mentions the distinctions of urban societies in ancient civilization
- defines civilization by different historians
- explains the ancient civilizations of the world
- list outs the Important early civilization
- illustrates early achievements of the Egyptian civilization
- identifies location, and boundaries of Egypt.
- appraises natural feature of Nile River
- combines Pharaohs, Society and administration of Egypt
- compares and Contrast Egypt and Mesopotamia civilization
- summarizes the ancient civilization

Instructional resources required:

- 1. Flashcards of civilization definitions
- 2. Picture chart of a world map
- 3. Flashcards of important early civilizations
- 4. A table top picture of the monumental architecture and crafts of Egyptian civilization
- 5. A map of the irrigation system in Egypt
- 6. A table chart of the differences between Egypt and Mesopotamia
- 7. A table chart of Egypt and Mesopotamia differences

Previous Knowledge of learners:

The Teacher asks few questions regarding culture, agriculture tool, occupation of Palaeolithic people and characteristics of Palaeolithic culture and to bring out the previous Knowledge of the student about civilization.

Pupils answer the following questions:

- > What do you mean by culture?
- ➤ Which kinds of tools were used in early agriculture?
- ➤ Why hunter-gathers moved from place to place?
- ➤ What was the main occupation of Palaeolithic (Old Stone Age) people??
- ➤ What are some key characteristics of Palaeolithic culture?

Content / Concept	Specification of behavioral Objectives	Learning Experiences	Evaluation
Distinctions of Urban Societies The term "civilization" distinguishes them from earlier societies, though not implying superiority, as each culture had unique features.	mentions	The teacher mentions that the Urban societies were more organized than early hunter-gatherer and Neolithic farming societies, featuring social stratification, well-planned cities, various crafts, trade, science and technology, and political organizations. The term "civilization" distinguishes them from earlier societies. And the student tries to store the information in his mind.	What term is used to distinguish urban societies from early hunter-gatherer and Neolithic farming societies?
Civilizations of Definition Civilization is seen as an advanced, organized way of life. Civilizations relied on shackled human muscle Andrew	defines	The teacher defines that the Civilisation is seen as an advanced, organised way of life and relied on shackled human muscle. It instilled a way of life that could be considered as an adaptation to particular environmental and cultural contexts by using Flash Card. Civilizations relied on shackled human muscle. - Andrew	Define civilization.
Ancient Civilizations Early civilizations developed with the construction of large buildings, the creation of writing systems, and advancements in science and technology, all of which improved society.	explains	The teacher explain that, the civilisations began to take shape, huge buildings were built, the art of writing developed and science and technology contributed to the betterment of society by using world map and the students' looks the map with interest.	What were some key developments that marked the rise of early civilizations?
Important early civilization		The teacher, list outs Egyptian, the Mesopotamian, the Chinese and the Indus were the important early	What are the important early

1.Mesopotamian,		civilisations by using by using flash card.	civilizations?
2.The Chinese and 3. The Indus	list outs	The Indus Valley woman and citade seal citade seal The Indus Valley seal The Indus Valley and The Indus Valley Indus Valley Indus Valley Indus Valley Indus Valley Indus Valley	
"Early Achievements of the Egyptian Civilization: Monumental Architecture, Agriculture, Arts, Sciences, and Crafts"	illustrates	The teacher illustrates the early important achievements of the Egyptian civilization, such as monumental architecture, agriculture, arts, sciences, and crafts, using a picture chart, and the students look at the chart with interest. Crafts of Harappan Civilization	What are some of the early important achievements of the Egyptian civilization?
Geographical Overview of Egypt Location, and Boundaries.	identifies	The teacher identifies that Egypt lies in the north eastern corner of the African continent. It is bounded by the Red Sea on the east and the Mediterranean Sea on the north. Egypt is irrigated by the River Nile, as identified by using a map of the irrigation system in Egypt."	Where is Egypt located in relation to the African continent?
Natural Feature of Nile River South -Lake Victoria North — Mediterranean sea Civilization depends — Nile river Egypt — Gift of Nile	appraises	The teacher appraises Nile river which originates in Lake Victoria in the south and flows into the Mediterranean Sea in the north. Desserts are seen on both sides of the Nile River. The Egyptian civilisation depended solely upon the flow of Nile River, and hence Egypt was called the Gift of Nile by the Greek historian Herodotus. The Nile also served as a means of transport and the students are also appraises the features of Nile River.	Why was Egypt referred to as the "Gift of the Nile" by the Greek historian Herodotus?
Pharaohs, Society and Administration King -Pharaoh, Hierarchy- Viziers, Governors, Meyers and Tax collector		The teacher combines details such as the Egyptian king being known as the Pharaoh, who was treated as a divine figure by the people. Under the Pharaoh, there was a hierarchy of officials, including viziers, governors of provinces, local mayors, and tax	What types of officials was part of the hierarchy under the Pharaoh?

Social system - stone cutters, masons, potters, carpenters, coppersmiths and goldsmiths	combines	collectors. The entire social system was supported by the work and production of artisans, including stone cutters, masons, potters, carpenters, coppersmiths, goldsmiths, as well as peasants and workers and the students take notes with interest.	
Compare and Contrast Egypt and Mesopotamia civilization Both developed sophisticated civilizations around crucial waterways, with Egypt's government being highly centralized under a pharaoh, allowing for a unified administrative system and cohesive state policies.	compares and differentiates	The teacher compares and differentiates both Egypt and Mesopotamia developed into sophisticated civilizations, each cantered around crucial waterways. As well as differentiates Egypt and Mesopotamia by using Table chart. Aspect Egypt Mesopotamia Developed around Developed between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers Tigris and Euphrates rivers Decentralized Political Centralized Decentralized Structure Decentralized Dece	Differentiates Egypt and Mesopotamia civilization
Important points of the topic Distinctions of Urban Societies Civilizations Definition Ancient Civilizations Important early civilization Early Achievements of the Egyptian Civilization Geographical Overview of Egypt Natural Feature of Nile River Pharaohs, Society and Administration Compare and Contrast Egypt and Mesopotamia civilization	summarizes	The teacher summarizes important points such as distinctions of urban societies, the definition of civilization, ancient civilizations, the importance of early civilizations, early achievements of the Egyptian civilization, a geographical overview of Egypt, the natural features of the Nile River, Pharaohs, society and administration, and a comparison and contrast of Egyptian and Mesopotamian civilizations.	Briefly explain ancient civilization.

Follow up activities:

- 1. The Egyptians excelled in art and architecture illustrate?
- 2. Prepare a album of Arts and Amusement of Egypt civilization.

Signature of the Guide Teacher

Signature of the Student Teacher